

Rising risks and imbalances point to multi-year market decline

- Record home sales YTD with stable prices, but unsold inventories still at elevated levels; all-time high pipeline of 82,251 units
- We expect the overall vacancy rate to rise in 2H12 to 6.5% from 5.9%, driven by completions exceeding rental demand
- Reaffirming Sell ratings on CapitaLand and City Developments

Singapore Property Developers

- Positive
- Neutral
- Negative (unchanged)

How do we justify our view?



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■ What's new

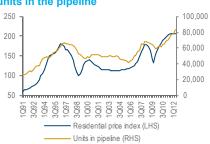
We revisit our core assumptions on the Singapore residential market after considering the resilient state of the market since our 16 November 2011 report, <u>Singapore Residential Property - Heading for a prolonged downturn</u>, and after the imposition of a fifth round of government cooling measures, announced on 7 December 2011.

■ What's the impact

The residential market in 2012 so far looks on track to achieve the highest annual sales volume ever, distorted to some extent by a proliferation of shoebox units, while prices have remained stable (flat HoH for 1H12). Even though full-year home sales are likely to reach 20,890 units, based on our revised forecast, the risks of rising imbalances in unsold inventory and increased vacancies in the rental market, our two major concerns, are higher than ever, in our opinion, because the supply of new units continues to build up, led by an aggressive government land sale (GLS) programme. Aside from revising up our annual launch and home sales forecasts, most of our core assumptions are little changed.

Total units of uncompleted properties (those under construction and with written or provisional-permission approvals) hit an all-time high of 82,251 units at the end of 2Q12, surpassing the pre-global financial crisis and pre-Asian financial crisis peaks.

■ Singapore residential: price index and units in the pipeline



 $Source: Singapore\ Urban\ Redevelopment\ Authority\ (URA)$

In addition, we believe the strong pipeline of completed units in the future could have a negative impact on the overall vacancy rate as early as 2H12. We expect the overall vacancy rate to increase from 5.9% as at end-2Q12 to 6.5% as at end-4Q12. We also expect the vacancy rate to rise steadily to 8.0% by 2016.

We have toned down slightly our forecasts for multi-year declines (from end-2011 to end-2014) of private-home prices. We now expect mass-market home prices to decline by 20% (from 22% previously). For the high-end segment, we project a decline over the same period of 23% (from 26% previously).

After incorporating our new price and volume assumptions, we are

raising our 2012-14 EPS forecasts by 1.6-6.0% for City Developments (CDL) and 0.0-0.9% for CapitaLand. We are raising our six-month target prices slightly, pegged to previous trough PER levels, by 3.5% for CDL and 0.4% for CapitaLand.

■ What we recommend

We remain Negative on the Singapore residential market and Singapore property developers. In our view, the sector could see a multi-year property-market downturn in 2012-14 akin to the one in the early 2000s. The major upside risk to our Negative call would be sustained resilience (in prices and volumes) with no threat of government policy measures.

■ How we differ

Our target prices for CapitaLand and CDL are among the lowest on the Bloomberg consensus. We believe the market could be underestimating the possibility of a prolonged downturn or the vulnerability of the residential market to any unforeseen external shocks.

Key stock calls

	New	Prev.
CapitaLand (CAPL SP)		
Rating	Sell	Sell
Target price	S\$2.35	S\$2.34
Up/downside	V (23.2)%	
City Developments (CI	T SP)	
Rating	Sell	Sell
Target price	S\$8.90	S\$8.60
Up/downside	v (22.7)%	

Source: Daiwa forecasts

Note: Please refer to page 3 for details.



■ Positive

■ Neutral

■ Negative (unchanged)

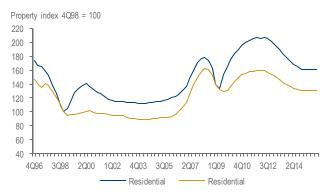
How do we justify our view?

- Growth outlook ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
- Valuation ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
- Earnings revisions ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓

Growth outlook

We have toned down slightly our forecasts for private home-price declines, but still expect mass-market home prices to decline by 20% (from 22% previously) from the end of 2011 to the end of 2014. For the high-end segment, we expect a decline over the same period of 23% (from 26% previously). We still see negative pressures on rents and capital values from the current lingering global economic uncertainty and below-potential GDP growth for Singapore for 2012 and possibly 2013. Over the medium term (2013-16), we see rising imbalances in unsold inventory and vacant units in the rental market keeping prices (and rents) in check.

Singapore private residential: URA price and rental indices



Source: Singapore URA, Daiwa forecasts (from 3Q12)

Valuation

The companies' share prices do not appear demanding relative to their historical premiums (since 2004) to Daiwa's NAVs of 5% for CDL and 16% for CapitaLand (though there is evidence that CapitaLand's stock price has been severely derated recently, trading at an average discount to Daiwa's NAV of 4% since 2009).

However, the share prices of the developers have traded at discounts as wide as 36-50% to Daiwa's NAVs during the trough of property cycles in the past. We remain negative on the Singapore residential market and believe that any deterioration in the physical market could send share prices back to their troughs.

■ CIT and CAPL: target prices and valuations

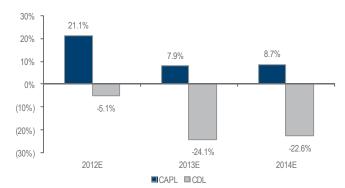
	Bloomberg	Share price (S\$)	Target price (S\$)	Daiwa NAV (S\$)	Discount to NAV	Target disc to NAV
CDL	CIT SP	11.52	8.90	11.65	-1%	-24%
CapitaLand	CAPL SP	3.06	2.35	3.79	-19%	-38%

Source: Bloomberg (tickers and share prices), Daiwa forecasts Note: based on share prices of 21 August 2012

Earnings revisions

Our EPS forecasts are considerably lower than those of the Bloomberg consensus for CDL. Our EPS forecasts for CapitaLand include estimated divestment gains and revaluations, which could explain our above-market forecasts. Regardless of this discrepancy, we expect consensus EPS forecasts to be revised down considerably if the Singapore residential market undergoes a multi-year correction.

■ Daiwa EPS forecasts relative to Bloomberg consensus



Source: Bloomberg, Daiwa forecasts



Key stock calls

										EPS (loc	al curr.)		
		Share	Ratin	g	Target pri	ce (local c	urr.)		FY1			FY2	
Company Name	Stock code	Price	New	Prev.	New	Prev.	% chg	New	Prev.	% chg	New	Prev.	% chg
CapitaLand	CAPL SP	3.06	Sell	Sell	2.35	2.34	0.4	0.193	0.193	0.0	0.199	0.197	1
City Developments	CIT SP	11.52	Sell	Sell	8.90	8.60	3.5	0.645	0.635	1.6	0.559	0.535	4.5

Source: Daiwa forecasts



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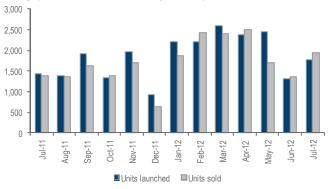
Mounting risks and imbalances

Despite record home sales, the main risk factors for the sector – unsold inventory and vacant units in the rental market – are higher than ever.

High volumes, stable prices

We reiterate our negative stance on the Singapore residential property market, as all the reasons to remain wary, as detailed in our 16 November 2011 report, <u>Singapore Residential Property - Heading for a prolonged downturn</u>, are intact. After incorporating the YTD resilience of the property market (stable prices and record sales volume) since our 16 November report, and since the imposition of the fifth round of property cooling measures, announced on 7 December 2011, our core assumptions are little changed.

■ Singapore residential: monthly developer launches and sales



Source: Singapore URA

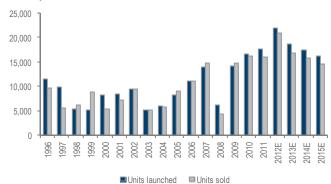
Strong, record take-up, so far

Despite the cumulative impact of five rounds of property cooling measures, 2012 is shaping up to be a record year for home sales, helped partly by the proliferation of 'shoebox units' (units of less than 50 sq m accounted for 27% of home sales for 1Q12 and 19% for 4Q11) and the popularity of affordable units (42% of sales in 1Q12 and 27% in 2Q12 were for properties worth less than \$\$750,000). The YTD (January-July) home sales by developers (excluding executive condominiums) totalled 14,185, compared with 15,904

units for the entire year of 2011. The YTD take-up rate was also a healthy 95%.

Given the strong YTD pace of launches, home sales and government land sales (GLS) programme, we have revised up our 2012-15E annual launch assumptions by 20-31% and annual home sales assumptions by 22-46%. In both cases, the greatest revisions occur for 2012E.

Singapore residential: annual units launched and sold by developers



Source: Singapore URA, Daiwa forecasts

■ Units launched and sold by developers

	Launched	Sold	% sold
1996	11,520	9,565	83.0
1997	9,869	5,520	55.9
1998	5,324	6,096	114.5
1999	5,087	8,815	173.3
2000	8,143	5,406	66.4
2001	8,357	7,189	86.0
2002	9,507	9,485	99.8
2003	5,216	5,156	98.8
2004	5,881	5,785	98.4
2005	8,201	8,955	109.2
2006	11,069	11,147	100.7
2007	14,016	14,811	105.7
2008	6,107	4,264	69.8
2009	14,103	14,688	104.1
2010	16,575	16,292	98.3
2011	17,710	15,904	89.8
2012E	21,989	20,890	95.0
2013E	18,743	16,868	90.0
2014E	17,495	15,746	90.0
2015E	16,248	14,623	90.0

 $Source: Singapore\ URA, Daiwa\ forecasts$

But, the pace of home sales and take-up in the future is highly uncertain, in our opinion. It requires a big leap of faith to assume the sustainability of YTD home sales – driven by factors such as the absolute affordability of shoebox units, the appeal of suburban projects with proximity to mass rapid transit (MRT) stations or with a significant retail component, the apparently voracious local appetite for investment-property assets, and low interest rates – will last indefinitely.



Moreover, we believe the risk of a system-wide buildup of inventory to unprecedented levels will only increase if the take-up rates for launches over the next several months weaken considerably.

The strong home sales have not improved the imminent build-up of two major supply-related imbalances: 1) unsold inventory, and 2) vacant units in the rental market, the principal sources of our concerns.

Unsold inventory still at elevated levels

Slight QoQ improvement in unsold inventory

Our current tally of unsold inventory* is 13,080 units at the end of 2Q12. Although it has declined slightly QoQ, it is still at an elevated level, exceeding the global financial crisis peak of 11,288 units at the end of 1Q09.

■ Singapore private residential: inventory

(Units)	1Q11	2Q11	3Q11	4Q11	1Q12	2Q12
Unsold completed units	1,006	1,292	1,279	1,246	1,218	1,233
Launched and unsold units	4,179	4,603	5,044	5,584	6,024	6,762
Launch ready and unsold units	5,943	5,759	5,712	6,003	5,925	5,085
Total unsold inventory (units)	11,128	11,654	12,035	12,833	13,167	13,080
YoY increase in inventory (units)	1,700	1,958	2,088	1,692	2,039	1,426
YoY increase in inventory (%)	18.0	20.2	21.0	15.2	18.3	12.2
QoQ increase in inventory (units)	(13)	526	381	798	334	(87)
QoQ% increase in inventory	(0.1)	4.7	3.3	6.6	2.6	(0.7)

Source: Singapore URA, Daiwa

■ Unsold inventory of residential units



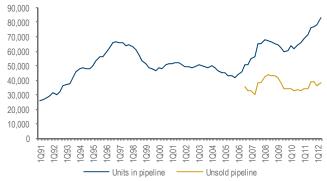
Unsold units in the pipeline still a concern

A broader gauge of unsold inventory would be the number of unsold units out of all units of projects in the pipeline. There were 38,175 unsold units at the end of 2Q12, an increase from 36,552 unsold units at the end of 1Q12, but still below the peak at the end of 4Q08 of 43,414 units. (The URA data of unsold units is only available from 3Q06).

No doubt the strong home sales so far in 2012 have stabilised the level of unsold units. However, the number of unsold units only declined by 1,009 units from the end of 4Q11 to the end of 2Q12, when home sales for 1H12 reached a record of 11,928 units, suggesting that the overall pipeline of units continues to build up.

This build-up is evident in the total units of uncompleted properties 'in the pipeline' (those under construction and with written or provisional-permission approvals), which are at an all-time high of 82,251 units at the end of 2Q12, surpassing the preglobal financial crisis and pre-Asian financial crisis peaks.

■ Singapore residential: units in pipeline and unsold units



Source: Singapore URA

Since 1990, the (unit) pipeline of private residential supply has been highly correlated with property prices, a reflection of the government's consistent supply-driven policy to address rising property prices. Although the sharp declines in property prices from their peaks have been caused by external factors, we believe it is no coincidence that peak levels of supply have been highly correlated with peak prices.

Although it is possible that the low-interest rate environment could foster a prolonged plateau in prices (we have ruled out further price increases because they would be met promptly with more government cooling measures, in our opinion), we do not regard the current situation as stable and believe the risk in home prices is clearly on the downside.

^{*} This is the sum of: 1) the unsold units in completed developments, 2) unsold units that have been launched for sale for uncompleted developments, and 3) the remaining unlaunched units in uncompleted developments, which have been partially launched.



■ Singapore residential: price index and units in pipeline



Source: Singapore URA

GLS supply-driven policy stays aggressive

We believe the government will continue to inject a generous number of units into the overall supply pipeline to address the perceived 'imbalances' in the residential market. Since 1H11, each semi-annual government land sale (GLS) has exceeded 14,000 units, consisting of projects from both the confirmed and reserved lists.

So far, injecting new sites has had a limited impact on dampening private-home prices, given the time lag from when a site is available for auction to when the winning bidder actually launches new units for sale in the project. The immediate consequence of injecting new sites for sale is a relentless build-up of the supply pipeline.

■ GLS programme: reserved and confirmed list

	Confirmed	Reserved	Total
2H05	0	3,685	3,685
1H06	0	4,320	4,320
2H06	0	4,670	4,670
1H07	3,014	5,020	8,034
2H07	2,579	4,505	7,084
1H08	2,839	4,990	4,990
2H08	1,122	6,840	7,829
1H09	0	7,962	7,962
2H09	0	8,655	8,655
1H10	2,925	7,625	7,625
2H10	8,135	5,770	10,550
1H11	8,125	6,185	14,310
2H11	8,115	6,080	14,195
1H12	7,020	7,120	14,140
2H12	7,060	7,125	14,185

Source: URA

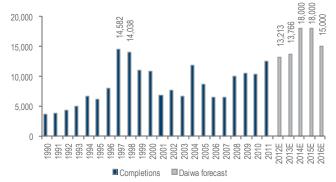
More launches ahead

We expect private-residential launches to continue at a rapid pace (16,250-22,000 annually for 2012-15 compared with an annual average of 9,793 units for 1996-2011), with unit launches a product of 'forced supply' as a consequence of the GLS.

Rental market could blink first

The other aspect of a rising pipeline of new supply is its impact on the rental market. We forecast 13,213-18,000 completed units annually over 2012-16 (peaking at 18,000 units in 2014 and 2015), compared with the previous peak of over 14,000 units in both 1997 and 1998.

Completions and future pipeline



Source: Singapore URA, Daiwa forecasts from 2012E

Developers, specifically of private sector projects, have some leeway in deferring the completions of their projects, so our forecast completions for 2014-16 is 9-33% lower than the URA's total pipeline tally, which includes all development projects under construction and those with planning (written or provisional permission) approvals.

■ Residential supply pipeline (units)

	Daiwa forecast	URA total	Under construction	With approvals
2012E	13,213	13,213	8,292	0
2013E	13,766	13,782	13,766	16
2014E	18,000	19,813	16,366	3,465
2015E	18,000	26,843	15,266	11,577
2016E	15,000	20,570	2,736	17,834

 $Source: Singapore\ URA, Daiwa\ forecasts$

Note: *as at 2Q12; approvals refer to projects with written or provisional permission

Vacancies set to rise

We expect the vacant stock to rise steadily from 12,388 units at the end of 2009, and surpass the previous all-time high of 19,276 units (at end-2005) by 2013, when we expect over 20,200 vacant units. From 5.9% as at end-2Q12, we expect the vacancy rate to rise steadily to 8.0% by 2016.



■ Singapore residential: vacancy build-up



Source: Singapore URA, Daiwa forecasts (from 2012E)

■ Private residential: supply and demand (units)

	Chg in stock	Completions	Demolitions*	Chg in occupied stock
1997	12,159	14,582	(2,423)	6,954
1998	12,300	14,038	(1,738)	11,155
1999	9,978	11,079	(1,101)	10,880
2000	9,477	10,811	(1,334)	10,846
2001	5,326	6,817	(1,491)	2,460
2002	6,843	7,730	(887)	5,596
2003	5,737	6,619	(882)	6,852
2004	10,969	11,799	(830)	9,392
2005	7,453	8,697	(1,244)	6,093
2006	4,008	6,520	(2,512)	9,027
2007	1,448	6,513	(5,065)	2,571
2008	6,392	10,122	(3,730)	4,903
2009	8,285	10,488	(2,203)	10,520
2010	8,754	10,399	(1,645)	8,259
2011	10,525	12,469	(1,944)	7,428
2012E	11,574	13,213	(1,639)	9,403
2013E	11,766	13,766	(2,000)	9,684
2014E	16,000	18,000	(2,000)	13,672
2015E	16,000	18,000	(2,000)	13,672
2016E	13,000	15,000	(2,000)	10,846

 $Source: Singapore\ URA, Daiwa\ forecasts$

Supply likely to exceed demand in 2H12

We believe the strong completion pipeline could have a negative impact on the overall vacancy rate as early as 2H12. According to the URA's most recent tally (as at end-2Q12), there are 8,292 units under construction scheduled for completion in 2H12 (compared with 4,921 units actually completed in 1H12).

In view of the net demand (the overall increase in occupied units) of only 4,147 units in 1H12, we expect the overall vacancy rate to increase from 5.9% as at end-2Q12 to 6.5% as at end-4Q12 (assuming net demand of 5,256 units for 2H12 and assuming demolitions of 500 units each quarter). The rapid pace of completions is likely to add a considerable number of units in the rental market, and this could exert negative pressure on rents.

Daiwa price and rental forecasts

We have toned down slightly our forecasts for private home-price declines, but still expect mass-market home prices to decline by 20% (from 22% previously) from the end of 2011 to the end of 2014. For the highend segment, we project a decline over the same period of 23% (from 26% previously).

We still see negative pressures on rents and capital values from the current lingering global economic uncertainty and below-potential GDP growth for Singapore for 2012 and possibly 2013. Over the medium term (2013-16), we see rising imbalances in unsold inventory and vacant units in the rental market keeping prices (and rents) in check, though these negative factors should be tempered by the current capacity for Singapore home buyers to service mortgages, given the low level of unemployment and historically low interest rates.

■ Singapore: private-residential capital values (S\$/sq ft)

	Outside central	Chg	Core central	Chg
End of year	region (OCR)	YoY (%)	region (CCR)	YoY (%)
2004	461		842	
2005	466	1.0	892	6.0
2006	485	4.3	1,043	16.9
2007	613	26.4	1,384	32.7
2008	596	(2.9)	1,306	(5.6)
2009	666	11.8	1,282	(1.8)
2010	765	15.0	1,465	14.2
2011	824	7.7	1,523	4.0
2012E	821	(0.4)	1,477	(3.0)
2013E	727	(11.5)	1,308	(11.5)
2014E	663	(8.7)	1,170	(10.6)
2015E	663	0.0	1,170	0.0
Chg end 2011-15E		(19.5)		(23.2)

Source: URA, Daiwa forecasts

Gradual, multi-vear declines

We do not envisage sharp declines (in excess of 20%) in rents or capital values in any one year. Instead, we expect a subdued residential-property market to persist for several consecutive years.

Multi-year declines in prices and rents are nothing new in Singapore, which experienced half a decade of gradual declines in the early 2000s, due to a major supply-demand imbalance (pre-Asian financial crisis overbuilding followed shortly by extremely weak demand in 2000-04). We believe the sector could see a repeat of a multi-year property-market downturn in 2012-14.

^{*} Note: implied from completions and change in stock



■ Singapore private residential: boom and bust periods

		Magnitude*	
Period		URA (%)	JLL (%)
4Q90-2Q96	Tiger-economy rise fuelled by FDIs	222	186^
2Q96-4Q98	Asian financial crisis	(45)	(33)
4Q98-2Q00	Post AFC rebound	40	25
2Q00-1Q04	Dotcom bust, 9-11, SARs	(20)	(22)
1Q04-2Q08	Pre GFC recovery	58	132
2Q08-2Q09	GFC	(25)	(36)
2Q09-4Q11	Post GFC recovery	54	39

Source: URA, Jones Lange LaSalle, Daiwa

Note: *From trough to peak (or peak to trough)

We project a 20-23% decline in private home prices

We forecast an overall decline in capital values of about 20% from the end of 2011 to the end of 2014 for the outside central region (a proxy for the private mass-residential market), and 23% over the same period for the core central region (a broad proxy for the high-end residential market).

We believe mass residential prices will hold up slightly better than the high-end segment because mass-residential demand should be better underpinned, to some extent, by affordability and public (HDB) resale prices, though we suspect that the resilience of the resale market in several years' time would depend on immigration and the overall rate of population growth.

The government's injection of new supply in the public, HDB, market could eventually moderate the resale market and affect demand for private units, but the resale market could still remain tight for several years, as homeowners of newly-built HDB flats would have to fulfil their minimum occupation requirement of five years before they can put their unit up for sale.

The high-end segment has been more subdued vear-todate, with prices in the core central regional flat from end-2011 to end-2012, compared with a 2.6% increase in the outside central region. Foreigners' share of private home purchases has fallen from 20% in 2011 to 7% for 1H12, according to National Development Minister Khaw Boon Wan. Although demand for highend properties could return as foreign buyers begin to gradually accept the 10% additional buyer's stamp duty (ABSD), we believe other issues such as a strict regulatory stance on the Residential Property Act which requires foreign developers and those with qualifying certificates (QCs) to complete their residential developments within the stipulated project completion period (and sell all units within two years of obtaining temporary occupancy permit [TOP]) or face prohibitive extension charges - could disrupt the market and cause some developers to lower prices on their unsold completed inventory.

The wildcard: government intervention

The resilience of transaction volumes in the primary market and property prices so far in 2012 has not diminished entirely the risk of another set of property cooling measures, directed possibly at financing.

We believe policy risk cannot be ignored unless the price trajectories of all segments of the market are consistent with the government's desire for a 'soft landing'. However, with all government rule changes, the risk is that the next property measure, which would have to be more severe than the previous measures to have its intended effect, could finally trigger a severe property market downturn given the rising levels of unsold inventory and vacant units in the system.

Government cooling measures imposed to date

14 September 2009 – removal of interestabsorption scheme (IAS) and interest-only housing loans (IOL); resumption of government land sales (GLS) programme for 1H10

19 February 2010 – announcement of a seller's stamp duty (SSD) for residential properties sold within one year of purchase and a maximum loan-to-value limit of 80% for all housing loans provided by financial institutions

30 August 2010 – extension of seller's stamp duty (SSD) to all sales within three years of purchase; maximum loan financing of 70% LTV (from 80%) and minimum cash down-payment of 10% (from 5%) for second mortgages; minimum occupation period (MOP) for resale public flats of five years (from three years); no ownership of private properties within MOP; buyers of resale flats must sell their private properties within six months

13 January 2011 – SSD rates were raised to 16%, 12%, 8%, 4% for sales within one, two, three, and four years respectively; LTV ceiling lowered to 60% (from 70%) for second mortgages; LTV ceiling lowered to 50% for housing loans to non-individuals (corporate entities)

7 **December 2011** – an additional buyer's stamp duty (ABSD) of 10% for all home purchases by foreigners or non-individuals (corporate entities), an ABSD of 3% for the second or subsequent home for a permanent resident (PR), and an ABSD of 3% for the third or subsequent home for a Singapore citizen. (The ABSD is applied on top of the normal buyer's stamp duty, currently imposed on a sliding scale, capped at a maximum rate of 3%.)

[^]Data from 1Q91 – 2Q96



■ Singapore residential: core property assumptions

Singapore residential		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E	Comment
Core assumptions										
Private (excluding ECs)										
Units launched by developers	units	14,016	6,107	14,103	16,575	17,710	21,989	18,743	17,495	Elevated launch schedules to continue
Units sold by developers	units	14,811	4,264	14,688	16,292	15,904	20,890	16,868	15,746	Sales should hold, but unlikely to outpace launches
Take-up rate of launches	%	105.7	69.8	104.1	98.3	89.8	95.0	90.0	90.0	Supply creates demand, but only to a certain extent
Private housing stock										
Net supply	units	1,448	6,392	8,285	8,754	10,525	11,574	11,766	16,000	Record home sales imply record completions
Net demand	units	2,571	4,903	10,520	8,259	7,428	9,403	9,684	13,672	Rental prospects of new units highly uncertain
Vacancy rate	%	5.6	6.1	5.0	5.0	5.9	6.5	6.9	7.3	Vacancy rate to creep up steadily
Rents (annual average)										
Median rental non-landed core central	S\$/sq ft/mth	3.43	4.06	3.32	3.69	3.95	3.92	3.58	3.24	Record completions, uncertain population picture
YoY change	%	37.0	18.3	(18.1)	11.0	7.2	(0.7)	(8.8)	(9.3)	
Median rental non-landed outside central	S\$/sq ft/mth	1.76	2.15	1.82	1.99	2.17	2.19	2.02	1.87	Record completions, uncertain population picture
YoY change	%	32.7	22.0	(15.4)	9.5	9.3	0.7	(7.7)	(7.2)	
Capital values (end of year)										
Median price non-landed core central	S\$/sq ft	1,384	1,306	1,282	1,465	1,523	1,477	1,308	1,170	We expect a multi-year correction
YoY change	%	32.7	(5.6)	(1.8)	14.2	4.0	(3.0)	(11.5)	(10.6)	
Median price non-landed outside central	S\$/sq ft	613	596	666	765	824	821	727	663	We expect a multi-year correction
YoY change	%	26.4	(2.9)	11.8	15.0	7.7	(0.4)	(11.5)	(8.7)	·
Yield, non-landed core central (end of quarter)	%	3.35	3.57	3.06	3.17	3.13	3.09	3.16	3.22	Rentals more resilient, but yields still low
Yield, non-landed outside central (end of quarter) %	3.94	4.14	3.18	3.30	3.20	3.13	3.21	3.33	

Source: Singapore URA, Daiwa forecasts



CapitaLand CAPL SP | CLLDY US

No reason to land bank at the peak of the market

- Reiterate Sell (5) rating; we are still wary about the risk factors for the Singapore residential market
- With a dwindling residential landbank in Singapore, we see a risk of it overpaying for high-profile sites at the peak of the market
- Our target price of S\$2.35 represents a 38% discount to our SOTPderived NAV of S\$3.79

Target price: $S\$2.34 \rightarrow S\2.35 Up/downside: -23.2%Share price (21 Aug): S\$3.06

- Buv
- Outperform
- 3 Hold
- Underperform
- 5 Sell (unchanged)



David Lum, CFA (65) 6329 2102 david.lum@sg.daiwacm.com

■ What's new

Given the resilience of the Singapore residential market so far this year, we review our core assumptions.

■ What's the impact

So far in 2012, the residential market is on track to achieve the highest sales volume ever, distorted to some extent by a proliferation of shoebox units, while prices have remained stable (flat HoH for 1H12).

Although we now forecast home sales of 20,890 units for 2012, we believe the risks of rising imbalances in unsold inventory and increased vacancies in the rental market, our two major concerns, are as high as ever. This is because the supply of new units continues to increase, led by an aggressive GLS programme. Aside from raising our 2012-14 launch and home-sales forecasts, we are changing most of our other core assumptions (and risk factors) only slightly.

We are raising our 2013-14 EPS forecasts by 0.8-0.9% to reflect the home sales achieved for existing projects. Our 2012 EPS forecast is unchanged.

■ What we recommend

We reiterate our Sell (5) rating and believe the Singapore property market is still vulnerable to a severe multi-year price correction. Singapore property development accounts for 14-18% of CapitaLand's EBIT for 2012-14, based on our forecasts. Although the exposure is not excessive, we see a risk of overpaying for sites (given the company's dwindling landbank) during the peak of the property market. We are raising our six-month target price, obtained from applying a trough PER of 12.0x to our average EPS forecast for 2012-13, to S\$2.35 from S\$2.34. Our SOTP-derived NAV for CapitaLand is S\$3.79. Since 2004, the stock has traded at an average premium of 16% to our NAV, but the standard deviation is over 32pp.

The major upside risk would be sustained resilience (in prices and volumes) of home prices with no threat of government policy measures.

■ How we differ

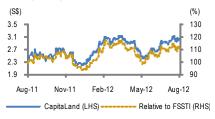
Our target price of S\$2.35 is among the lowest on Bloomberg as we believe the market is still underestimating the risks for the Singapore residential market.

Forecast revisions (%)

Year to 31 Dec	12E	13E	14E
Revenue change	(0.2)	0.1	0.1
Net-profit change	0.0	0.9	0.8
EPS change	0.0	0.9	0.8

Source: Daiwa forecasts

Share price performance



12-month range	2.21-3.15
Market cap (US\$bn)	10.40
Average daily turnover (US\$m)	26.33
Shares outstanding (m)	4,250
Major shareholder	Temasek (39.5%)

Financial summary (S\$)

(-+)		
12E	13E	14E
3,331	4,400	4,640
1,776	1,883	2,112
818	844	1,026
0.193	0.199	0.241
(22.4)	3.1	21.5
21.2	7.9	8.7
15.9	15.4	12.7
2.0	2.3	2.6
0.060	0.070	0.080
0.8	0.8	0.8
7.5	7.4	6.8
5.4	5.4	6.3
	3,331 1,776 818 0.193 (22.4) 21.2 15.9 2.0 0.060 0.8 7.5	3,331 4,400 1,776 1,883 818 844 0.193 0.199 (22.4) 3.1 21.2 7.9 15.9 15.4 2.0 2.3 0.060 0.070 0.8 0.8 7.5 7.4

Source: Bloomberg, Daiwa forecasts



Financial summary

Key	/ assum	pti	or	18
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Year to 31 Dec	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
CapitaLand residential Singapore EBIT margin (%)	56.2	43.7	55.2	40.0	42.3	33.5	30.1	30.9
CapitaLand China Holdings EBIT margin (%)	40.9	267.4	85.2	198.3	80.4	31.0	25.7	27.6
CapitaMalls Asia EBIT margin (%)	239.7	144.5	196.2	245.9	242.5	170.8	136.7	151.0
Ascott EBIT margin (%)	73.4	29.9	8.0	42.5	39.3	62.5	38.5	37.7
CapitaLand Financial EBIT margin (%)	58.5	49.6	60.4	88.7	77.5	75.0	75.0	75.0
CapitaValue Homes EBIT margin (%)					(16.0)	(300.0)	25.0	22.9
Overall EBIT margin (%)	100.8	80.4	52.4	76.4	69.1	53.3	42.8	45.5

■ Profit and loss (S\$m)

Year to 31 Dec	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Singapore residential	549	400	674	1,285	774	766	1,132	1,050
CapitaLand China Holdings	985	330	647	327	527	874	999	826
Others	2,259	2,022	1,637	1,771	1,719	1,691	2,270	2,765
Total revenue	3,793	2,752	2,957	3,383	3,020	3,331	4,400	4,640
Other income	3,066	1,706	1,508	1,852	1,590	1,183	947	1,106
COGS	(2,466)	(1,680)	(1,931)	(2,045)	(1,947)	(2,149)	(2,860)	(3,016)
SG&A	(521)	(412)	(351)	(430)	(491)	(504)	(518)	(532)
Other op. expenses	(47)	(153)	(634)	(175)	(85)	(85)	(85)	(85)
Operating profit	3,824	2,213	1,549	2,584	2,087	1,776	1,883	2,112
Net-interest inc./(exp.)	(404)	(516)	(454)	(448)	(473)	(497)	(544)	(564)
Assoc/forex/extraord./others	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pre-tax profit	3,420	1,697	1,095	2,136	1,614	1,279	1,339	1,547
Tax	(268)	(236)	(86)	(284)	(191)	(176)	(190)	(224)
Min. int./pref. div./others	(393)	(201)	44	(427)	(366)	(285)	(305)	(298)
Net profit (reported)	2,759	1,260	1,053	1,426	1,057	818	844	1,026
Net profit (adjusted)	2,759	1,260	1,053	1,426	1,057	818	844	1,026
EPS (reported) (S\$)	0.986	0.370	0.262	0.335	0.248	0.193	0.199	0.241
EPS (adjusted) (S\$)	0.986	0.370	0.262	0.335	0.248	0.193	0.199	0.241
EPS (adjusted fully-diluted) (S\$)	0.986	0.370	0.262	0.335	0.248	0.193	0.199	0.241
DPS (S\$)	0.150	0.070	0.105	0.060	0.080	0.060	0.070	0.080
EBIT	3,824	2,213	1,549	2,584	2,087	1,776	1,883	2,112
EBITDA	3,903	2,324	1,672	2,700	2,165	1,854	1,961	2,190

■ Cash flow (S\$m)

Year to 31 Dec	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Profit before tax	3,420	1,697	1,095	2,136	1,614	1,279	1,339	1,547
Depreciation and amortisation	(160)	127	541	98	72	39	39	39
Tax paid	(90)	(168)	(128)	(176)	(195)	(176)	(190)	(224)
Change in working capital	(112)	429	(7)	82	(1,321)	(607)	(120)	(120)
Other operational CF items	(2,503)	(915)	(625)	(1,235)	(972)	(606)	(539)	(510)
Cash flow from operations	555	1,170	876	905	(802)	(71)	529	733
Capex	(210)	(358)	(206)	(88)	(135)	(17)	(11)	(11)
Net (acquisitions)/disposals	(221)	(628)	3,134	(1,454)	(618)	(333)	(149)	(117)
Other investing CF items	468	50	(547)	(275)	(357)	(1,884)	(45)	(54)
Cash flow from investing	38	(936)	2,381	(1,817)	(1,110)	(2,233)	(205)	(182)
Change in debt	1,795	932	365	191	1,771	1,845	126	135
Net share issues/(repurchases)	45	23	1,798	22	(61)	0	0	0
Dividends paid	(317)	(423)	(297)	(447)	(256)	(340)	(255)	(298)
Other financing CF items	(440)	(919)	(593)	(356)	(473)	(690)	(690)	(717)
Cash flow from financing	1,082	(388)	1,272	(590)	982	816	(819)	(879)
Forex effect/others	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Change in cash	1,675	(154)	4,529	(1,502)	(931)	(1,489)	(494)	(329)
Free cash flow	345	812	670	817	(937)	(88)	519	722

Source: Company, Daiwa forecasts



Financial summary continued ...

■ Balance sheet (S\$m)

As at 31 Dec	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Cash & short-term investment	4,356	4,228	8,730	7,190	6,264	4,776	4,282	3,953
Inventory	3,541	3,347	3,590	5,667	6,905	7,621	7,721	7,821
Accounts receivable	2,064	1,715	1,302	2,134	1,769	1,767	1,767	1,767
Other current assets	302	254	196	203	195	105	105	105
Total current assets	10,263	9,545	13,818	15,194	15,134	14,269	13,874	13,645
Fixed assets	1,589	1,633	1,772	1,049	1,076	1,092	1,103	1,114
Goodwill & intangibles	38	589	518	460	459	459	459	459
Other non-current assets	13,952	13,317	14,057	15,184	18,651	21,864	22,955	24,067
Total assets	25,841	25,084	30,166	31,887	35,319	37,684	38,391	39,285
Short-term debt	1,803	1,871	1,394	1,762	860	860	860	860
Accounts payable	2,890	2,357	1,880	2,050	2,270	2,265	2,245	2,225
Other current liabilities	450	465	461	496	441	454	454	454
Total current liabilities	5,142	4,693	3,735	4,308	3,572	3,579	3,559	3,539
Long-term debt	8,067	7,919	8,881	8,596	11,330	13,176	13,302	13,437
Other non-current liabilities	767	484	670	1,117	1,178	1,201	1,201	1,201
Total liabilities	13,976	13,096	13,286	14,022	16,080	17,956	18,062	18,177
Share capital	9,941	10,682	13,408	14,032	14,902	15,371	15,946	16,694
Reserves/R.E./others	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shareholders' equity	9,941	10,682	13,408	14,032	14,902	15,371	15,946	16,694
Minority interests	1,924	1,306	3,471	3,833	4,338	4,357	4,383	4,414
Total equity & liabilities	25,841	25,084	30,166	31,887	35,319	37,684	38,391	39,285
EV	9,573	7,643	9,331	9,996	12,566	13,963	14,493	14,869
Net debt/(cash)	5,513	5,561	1,545	3,168	5,926	9,260	9,880	10,344
BVPS (S\$)	3.543	3.783	3.156	3.292	3.511	3.616	3.752	3.928

■ Key ratios (%)

Year to 31 Dec	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Sales (YoY)	20.5	(27.4)	7.4	14.4	(10.8)	10.3	32.1	5.5
EBITDA (YoY)	105.1	(40.5)	(28.1)	61.5	(19.8)	(14.4)	5.8	11.7
Operating profit (YoY)	109.9	(42.1)	(30.0)	66.8	(19.3)	(14.9)	6.1	12.1
Net profit (YoY)	171.1	(54.3)	(16.4)	35.4	(25.8)	(22.6)	3.2	21.5
EPS (YoY)	168.2	(62.4)	(29.2)	27.7	(25.9)	(22.4)	3.1	21.5
Gross-profit margin	35.0	39.0	34.7	39.6	35.5	35.5	35.0	35.0
EBITDA margin	n.m.	84.4	56.5	79.8	71.7	55.6	44.6	47.2
Operating-profit margin	n.m.	80.4	52.4	76.4	69.1	53.3	42.8	45.5
ROAE	27.8	12.2	8.7	10.4	7.3	5.4	5.4	6.3
ROAA	10.7	4.9	3.8	4.6	3.1	2.2	2.2	2.6
ROCE	17.6	10.2	6.3	9.3	7.0	5.4	5.5	6.0
ROIC	20.3	10.9	7.9	11.4	8.0	5.7	5.5	5.9
Net debt to equity	55.5	52.1	11.5	22.6	39.8	60.2	62.0	62.0
Effective tax rate	7.8	13.9	7.9	13.3	11.8	13.7	14.2	14.4
Accounts receivable (days)	198.7	250.6	186.2	185.3	235.9	193.7	146.5	139.0
Payables (days)	278.1	347.9	261.5	212.0	261.1	248.5	187.0	175.8
Net interest cover (x)	9.5	4.3	3.4	5.8	4.4	3.6	3.5	3.7
Net dividend payout	15.2	18.9	40.1	17.9	32.2	31.2	35.2	33.1

 $Source: Company, Daiwa\ for ecasts$

Company profile

CapitaLand is one of Asia's largest integrated real-estate companies. Its real-estate and hospitality portfolio, which includes homes, offices, shopping malls, serviced residences, mixed developments, and affordable homes, spans more than 110 cities in over 20 countries. CapitaLand's geographic exposure by total assets includes Singapore (31%), China (41%), Australia (16%), the rest of Asia (10%), and Europe (2%) as at 30 June 2012.



■ CapitaLand: Daiwa SOTP valuation

	Value S\$m
CL Residential Singapore	2,582
CL China Holdings	5,962
CL Commercial	2,118
Ascott	1,765
CapitaValue Homes/Surbana	710
CL Financial	662
Others (group liabilities and borrowings)	(3,245)
CapitaMalls Asia	4,208
Australand	1,339
Total NAV	16,102
Shares (m)	4,250
Daiwa NAV (S\$ per share)	3.79

Source: Daiwa estimates

■ CapitaLand: Daiwa NAV and premium/discount to Daiwa NAV



Source: Bloomberg, Daiwa estimates

■ CapitaLand: Daiwa NAV breakdown

- CapitaLanu. Daiwa NAV Dieakuowii	
Singapore residential	13%
China (residential, commercial, and mixed developments)	31%
Commercial (unlisted)	4%
CCT SP	7%
ART SP	4%
Ascott (ex-ART)	5%
CT SP	6%
CRCT SP	1%
CMMT MK	1%
CMA's China operations (excluding CRCT)	5%
Other CMA operations	9%
ALZ AU	7%
Others	7%
Total NAV	100%

Source: Daiwa estimates; Note: those shaded in blue represent other listed entities

■ CapitaLand: premium/discount to Daiwa NAV



Source: Bloomberg, Daiwa estimates



City Developments CIT SP | CDEVY US

High exposure to Singapore residential market is a major risk

- Reiterate Sell (5) rating for its high exposure (42-45% of pre-tax profit for 2012-14E) to the Singapore residential market
- Strong home sales and stable prices YTD have not improved the rising imbalances of unsold inventory, vacancies in rental market
- Our revised target price of S\$8.90 represents a 24% discount to our SOTP-derived NAV of S\$11.65

Target price: $$\$8.60 \rightarrow $\$8.90$ Up/downside: -22.7% Share price (21 Aug): \$\$\$11.52

- Buv
- Outperform
- Hold
- Underperform
- 5 Sell (unchanged)



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■ What's new

We are reassessing our assumptions given the resilience of the Singapore property market year-to-date.

■ What's the impact

So far this year, the residential market is on track to achieve its highest sales volume ever, distorted to some extent by a proliferation of shoebox units, while prices have remained stable (flat HoH).

Although we now forecast home sales of 20,890 units for 2012, we believe the risks of increased imbalances in unsold inventory and increased vacancies in the rental market, our two major concerns, are as high as ever. This is because the supply of new units is continuing to build up, led by an aggressive GLS programme. Aside from revising up our 2012-14 annual launch and home-sale forecasts, we are leaving most of our other core assumptions (and risk factors) unchanged.

We are revising up our 2012-14 EPS forecasts by 1.6-6.0% to reflect the home sales achieved for existing projects and the stable year-to-date home prices.

■ What we recommend

We reiterate our Sell (5) rating and believe the Singapore property market is still vulnerable to a severe multi-year price correction. Property development (predominantly from Singapore) represents about 42-45% of CDL's pre-tax profit for 2012-14, based on our forecasts. We are raising our six-month target price, obtained from applying a trough PER of 14.7x (the average for the three previous major corrections) to our average EPS forecasts for 2012-13, to \$\$8.90 from \$\$8.60.

Our SOTP-derived NAV for CDL is \$\\$11.65\$. Since 2004, CDL has traded at an average premium of 5% to our NAV, though the standard deviation is over 20pp. The major upside catalyst to our Negative call would be the sustained resilience (in prices and volumes) of home prices, with no threat of government policy measures.

■ How we differ

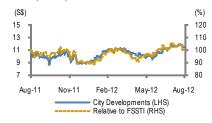
Our revised 2012-14 EPS forecasts are still 5.1-24.1% lower than those of the Bloomberg consensus and our target price of S\$8.90 is among the lowest in the market.

Forecast revisions (%)

Year to 31 Dec	12E	13E	14E
Revenue change	0.4	0.9	1.1
Net-profit change	1.6	4.5	6.0
EPS change	1.6	4.5	6.0

Source: Daiwa forecasts

Share price performance



12-month range	8.76-11.98
Market cap (US\$bn)	8.38
Average daily turnover (US\$m)	7.70
Shares outstanding (m)	909
Major shareholder	Hong Leong (Kwek Leng Beng) (48.4%)

Financial summary (S\$)

Year to 31 Dec	12E	13E	14E
Revenue (m)	3,351	3,369	3,492
Operating profit (m)	913	787	797
Net profit (m)	587	509	550
Core EPS	0.645	0.559	0.605
EPS change (%)	(25.3)	(13.3)	8.1
Daiwa vs Cons. EPS (%)	(5.1)	(24.1)	(22.6)
PER (x)	17.8	20.6	19.1
Dividend yield (%)	1.3	1.1	1.3
DPS	0.150	0.130	0.150
PBR (x)	1.5	1.4	1.4
EV/EBITDA (x)	11.7	12.3	11.5
ROE (%)	8.7	7.2	7.3

Source: Bloomberg, Daiwa forecasts



Financial summary

Key	/ assum	pti	or	18
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Year to 31 Dec	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Interest cover ratio	6.2	6.8	11.5	14.4	13.9	10.5	9.7	11.4
Property development margin (%)	58.8	61.6	37.6	37.4	39.9	30.7	28.9	28.7
Hotel operations margin (%)	14.4	13.1	8.9	13.0	18.0	16.2	16.1	16.3
Rental properties margin (%)	66.3	55.3	43.8	127.1	116.0	61.9	56.2	59.3
Overall pre-tax margin (%)	30.7	28.3	25.4	34.4	34.6	28.0	24.8	25.0

■ Profit and loss (S\$m)

Year to 31 Dec	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Property development	862	773	1,447	1,125	1,344	1,275	1,286	1,365
Hotel operations	1,987	1,866	1,492	1,577	1,563	1,685	1,698	1,745
Others	258	306	334	401	373	391	385	382
Total revenue	3,106	2,945	3,273	3,103	3,280	3,351	3,369	3,492
Other income	29	138	8	291	254	60	21	22
COGS	(1,478)	(1,271)	(1,638)	(1,451)	(1,507)	(1,578)	(1,668)	(1,754)
SG&A	(523)	(505)	(461)	(484)	(490)	(502)	(510)	(526)
Other op. expenses	(396)	(528)	(376)	(470)	(409)	(419)	(425)	(437)
Operating profit	738	780	807	990	1,127	913	787	797
Net-interest inc./(exp.)	(70)	(85)	(38)	(33)	(53)	(50)	(45)	(33)
Assoc/forex/extraord./others	287	139	63	110	62	76	94	109
Pre-tax profit	955	834	832	1,068	1,136	939	836	874
Tax	(65)	(152)	(161)	(202)	(175)	(160)	(138)	(144)
Min. int./pref. div./others	(177)	(114)	(90)	(94)	(176)	(192)	(189)	(180)
Net profit (reported)	712	568	581	771	786	587	509	550
Net profit (adjusted)	712	568	581	771	786	587	509	550
EPS (reported) (S\$)	0.783	0.625	0.638	0.848	0.864	0.645	0.559	0.605
EPS (adjusted) (S\$)	0.783	0.625	0.638	0.848	0.864	0.645	0.559	0.605
EPS (adjusted fully-diluted) (S\$)	0.358	0.285	0.292	0.387	0.395	0.295	0.255	0.276
DPS (S\$)	0.300	0.075	0.080	0.180	0.180	0.150	0.130	0.150
EBIT	738	780	807	990	1,127	913	787	797
EBITDA	1,161	1,050	1,004	1,241	1,323	1,122	1,014	1,040

■ Cash flow (S\$m)

Year to 31 Dec	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Profit before tax	955	834	832	1,068	1,136	939	836	874
Depreciation and amortisation	136	132	134	141	133	133	133	133
Tax paid	(98)	(79)	(72)	(106)	(162)	(168)	(149)	(141)
Change in working capital	(453)	(366)	116	(279)	91	(436)	185	111
Other operational CF items	(279)	(73)	(23)	(311)	(216)	(206)	(207)	(241)
Cash flow from operations	260	448	986	512	983	262	798	736
Capex	(10)	(19)	(242)	(42)	(195)	(100)	(50)	(50)
Net (acquisitions)/disposals	(631)	(325)	(55)	255	195	(9)	0	0
Other investing CF items	45	106	43	158	52	243	85	98
Cash flow from investing	(596)	(237)	(254)	371	53	134	35	48
Change in debt	725	158	(356)	104	61	(243)	(481)	(459)
Net share issues/(repurchases)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends paid	(260)	(236)	(96)	(100)	(247)	(177)	(149)	(131)
Other financing CF items	(184)	(41)	(76)	30	(233)	(127)	(118)	(102)
Cash flow from financing	281	(119)	(528)	35	(420)	(547)	(748)	(692)
Forex effect/others	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Change in cash	(55)	92	204	918	616	(150)	85	92
Free cash flow	250	429	744	470	788	162	748	686

 $Source: Company, Daiwa\ forecasts$



Financial summary continued ...

■ Balance sheet (S\$m)

As at 31 Dec	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Cash & short-term investment	712	776	981	1,874	2,603	2,339	2,424	2,516
Inventory	2,578	2,920	3,279	3,471	3,244	3,617	3,431	3,320
Accounts receivable	1,075	1,099	758	877	1,201	1,336	1,336	1,336
Other current assets	82	31	58	130	38	38	38	38
Total current assets	4,447	4,826	5,076	6,351	7,086	7,329	7,229	7,210
Fixed assets	4,258	4,162	3,617	3,410	3,313	3,375	3,375	3,375
Goodwill & intangibles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other non-current assets	3,514	3,536	4,600	4,361	4,564	4,478	4,478	4,478
Total assets	12,219	12,524	13,292	14,123	14,962	15,181	15,081	15,062
Short-term debt	799	862	818	780	1,477	1,199	1,199	1,199
Accounts payable	585	641	796	944	982	1,052	1,052	1,052
Other current liabilities	141	187	251	296	361	331	331	331
Total current liabilities	1,525	1,690	1,865	2,020	2,819	2,582	2,582	2,582
Long-term debt	3,235	3,287	3,198	3,425	2,929	2,964	2,483	2,025
Other non-current liabilities	542	525	566	563	518	510	510	510
Total liabilities	5,302	5,501	5,628	6,009	6,266	6,056	5,576	5,117
Share capital	2,322	2,322	2,322	2,322	2,322	2,322	2,322	2,322
Reserves/R.E./others	2,877	3,108	3,651	4,075	4,505	4,928	5,301	5,732
Shareholders' equity	5,199	5,430	5,972	6,396	6,827	7,250	7,622	8,054
Minority interests	1,718	1,593	1,692	1,718	1,869	1,875	1,883	1,891
Total equity & liabilities	12,219	12,524	13,292	14,123	14,962	15,181	15,081	15,062
EV	14,684	14,398	14,180	13,589	13,052	13,077	12,519	11,976
Net debt/(cash)	3,322	3,373	3,035	2,332	1,803	1,824	1,258	707
BVPS (S\$)	5.354	5.608	6.205	6.671	7.145	7.610	8.020	8.494

■ Key ratios (%)

Year to 31 Dec	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Sales (YoY)	22.0	(5.2)	11.1	(5.2)	5.7	2.2	0.5	3.7
EBITDA (YoY)	23.0	(9.5)	(4.4)	23.6	6.6	(15.1)	(9.6)	2.5
Operating profit (YoY)	9.6	5.6	3.5	22.7	13.9	(19.0)	(13.7)	1.3
Net profit (YoY)	86.8	(20.2)	2.2	32.8	1.9	(25.3)	(13.3)	8.1
EPS (YoY)	88.0	(20.2)	2.2	32.8	1.9	(25.3)	(13.3)	8.1
Gross-profit margin	52.4	56.8	50.0	53.3	54.0	52.9	50.5	49.8
EBITDA margin	37.4	35.7	30.7	40.0	40.3	33.5	30.1	29.8
Operating-profit margin	23.8	26.5	24.7	31.9	34.4	27.2	23.4	22.8
ROAE	15.4	11.4	10.8	13.2	12.5	8.7	7.2	7.3
ROAA	6.1	4.6	4.5	5.6	5.4	3.9	3.4	3.6
ROCE	7.1	7.1	7.1	8.3	8.9	6.9	5.9	6.1
ROIC	7.2	6.2	6.2	7.6	9.1	7.1	6.1	6.2
Net debt to equity	63.9	62.1	50.8	36.5	26.4	25.2	16.5	8.8
Effective tax rate	6.9	18.2	19.4	18.9	15.4	17.1	16.5	16.4
Accounts receivable (days)	104.6	134.7	103.5	96.1	115.6	138.1	144.7	139.6
Payables (days)	68.0	76.0	80.1	102.3	107.1	110.8	114.0	110.0
Net interest cover (x)	10.5	9.2	21.1	29.9	21.3	18.2	17.4	24.1
Net dividend payout	38.3	12.0	12.5	21.2	20.8	23.2	23.2	24.8

 $Source: Company, Daiwa\ for ecasts$

Company profile

City Developments Limited (CDL) is a property and hotel company. Millennium & Copthorne Hotels plc (M&C), its London-listed hotel arm, owns and operates 104 hotels globally. CDL is one of the biggest landlords in Singapore with over 4m sq ft of lettable commercial and residential space. It also owns one of the largest private landbanks in Singapore with the potential for 5.79m sq ft of developed GFA as at 30 June 2012.



■ CDL: Daiwa NAV and premium/discount to Daiwa NAV



Source: Bloomberg, Daiwa estimates

■ CDL: Daiwa's SOTP valuation

Value of item	S\$m	S\$/share
Millennium & Copthorne (MLC LN)	1,711	1.88
Share of City e-Solutions (557 HK)	18	0.02
Investment properties	6,277	6.90
Properties under development, landbank	4,514	4.96
Total	12,521	13.77
Net borrowing and adjustments	(1,927)	(2.12)
Daiwa NAV	10,594	11.65

Source: Daiwa estimates



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